

# 2010 Math Contest

## University of Houston

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 2\pi r \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{x} &= 1 \\ \tan(\pi) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} e^{i\pi} &= -1 \\ a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\ \cos(\theta) &= \frac{x}{r} \\ A &= \pi r^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(2x) &= 2\sin(x)\cos(x) \\ \det \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} &= ad - bc \quad \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\ |a+b| &\leq |a| + |b| \end{aligned}$$

## Math In Black

$$m = \frac{y_1 - y_0}{x_1 - x_0} \quad \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$\varepsilon > 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$y = 0$$

$$d(P, Q) = \sqrt{(q_1 - p_1)^2 + (q_2 - p_2)^2}$$

$$\log(AB) = \log(A) + \log(B)$$

$$\cos^2(\theta) = \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$x = r \cos(\theta)$$

$$y = r \sin(\theta)$$

$$P(n) \quad \chi(x_0)$$

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{n} \right\} \quad \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\xi_0 \quad |x|$$

$$\binom{n}{k} \quad R_{m,n}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} xe^{-x} = 0$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a-b)(a+b)$$

$$x = 0$$

$$n!$$

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

$$e < 3 < \pi$$